

Evaluating Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicles for Transit Operations

Bob Coakley
ENSCO Rail, Inc.
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Evaluating Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicles for Transit Operations

- History & Evolution of Track Inspection
- Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicle Platforms
- Typical Comprehensive Track Inspection Systems
- Future of Track Inspection

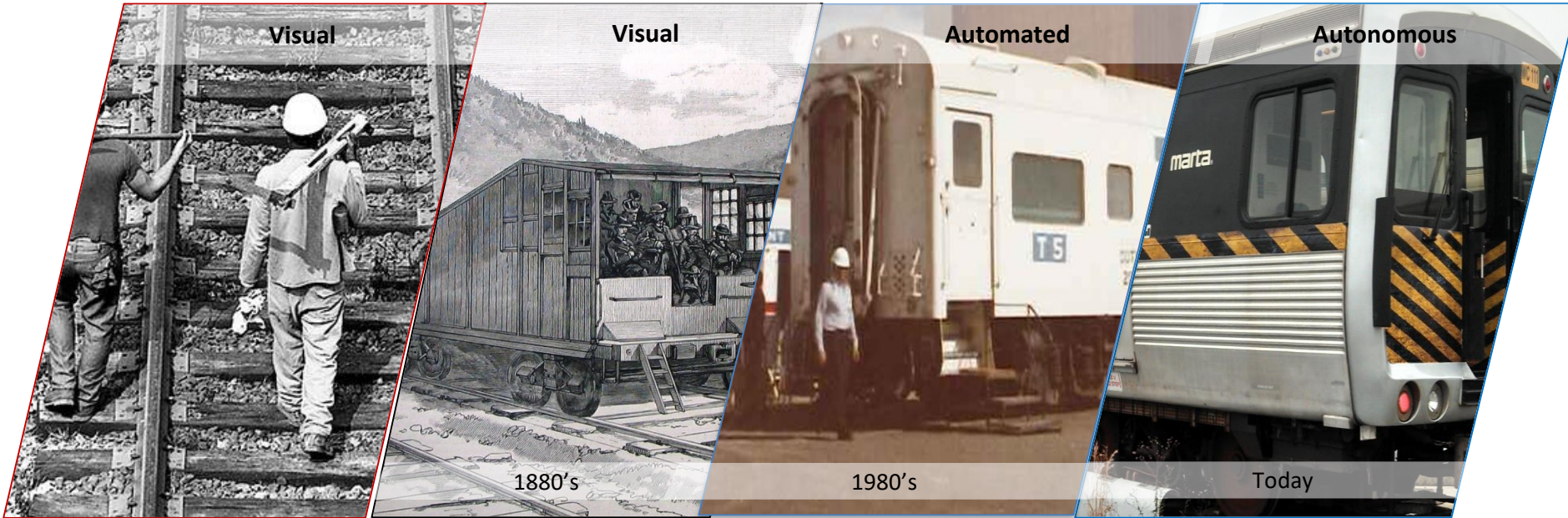


Key Presentation Take-Aways

- The Value of Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicles....more effective and efficient when compared to single use Track Inspection Vehicles
- The Future of Track Inspection....emergence of Autonomous Track Inspection and Automated Data Management Technologies provide for next level improvements including:
 - Earlier identification of anomalies through more frequent inspections;
 - More efficient inspections at much lower overall costs;
 - Planned maintenance instead of reactive maintenance, resulting in fewer emergency repairs and slow orders.



History & Evolution of Track Inspection



Manual

Dedicated Manned Inspection Vehicles

Autonomous Track Inspection



Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicles

Multiple Inspection Technologies installed onboard a single track inspection vehicle

PROS

- Lower Cost of Implementation (Single Vehicle vs. Multiple Vehicles)
- Reduced Track Occupation Time as multiple test conducted simultaneously
- Data Alignment as all data referenced back to common GPS/Localization.

CONS

- Vehicle downtime impacts all systems
- Special considerations needed to collect data at the same speed (Ultrasonic and Track Geometry on same vehicle)



Comprehensive Vehicle Platforms

Hi-Rail Manned



Railbound Manned



Autonomous



Comprehensive Vehicle Platforms

Hi-Rail Manned

Road/Rail Travel

Maximum Flexibility
on Distributed
Network

Railbound Manned

Maximum space for
multiple systems.

Self-Propelled:
Survey routing flexibility

Towed Coach:
Maximum speed at lower
costs

Autonomous

Lowest vehicle costs
(revenue vehicles)

Lowest operational
and maintenance
costs



Sample Hi-Rail Inspection Vehicle Layout



Operator Station

Driver View Video

Track Component Imaging

Rail Surface Imaging

Joint Bar Imaging

Signaling & Communication Inspection

Track Geometry Measurement

Rail Profile Measurement



Sample Hi-Rail Inspection Vehicle Layout



Operator Station

Ultrasonic
Rail Flaw

Zero-Speed Track Geometry
Rail Profile
Deployable Gage Restraint
Measurement System



Sample Self-Propelled Railbound Vehicles



Four Axle

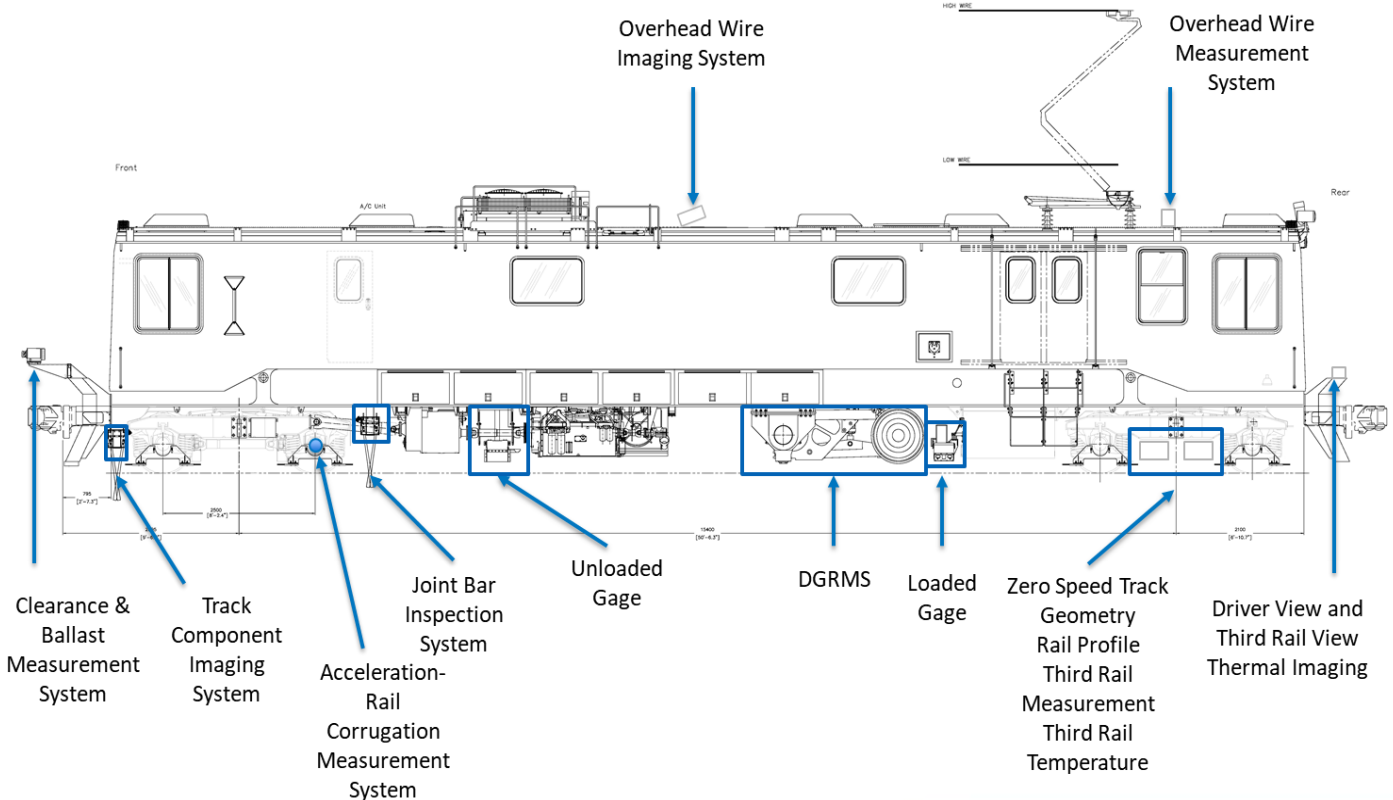
Two Axle



Two Axle



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicle Layout



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicles



US – Washington D.C.

Eight (8) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Zero-Speed Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Third Rail
- Thermal Imaging
- Ultrasonic Rail Flaw
- Track Circuit Signal Measurement
- Driver View Imaging
- Platform Edge Measurement



US- New Jersey

Four (4) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Driver View Imaging
- Joint Bar Imaging



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicles

US - East Coast

Five (5) Inspection Systems Onboard various vehicles:

- Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Ride Quality
- Right of Way Video
- GRMS



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicles



US – New York City

Eleven (11) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Zero Speed Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Third Rail
- Driver View, Overhead View, Track Component and Joint Bar Imaging Systems
- Gauge Restraint Measurement
- Rail Corrugation
- Clearance Measurement
- Overhead Wire Measurement



US – New York City

Nine (9) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Zero Speed Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Third Rail
- Ultrasonic Rail Flaw
- Rail Corrugation
- Clearance Measurement
- Driver View, Rail Surface and Thermal Imaging



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicles



Canada – Toronto

Six (6) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Driver View Imaging (Infrared)
- Thermal Imaging
- Third Rail Imaging
- Joint Bar Imaging
- Rail Surface Imaging
- Track Component Imaging



Sample Railbound Inspection Vehicles



Australia – Brisbane

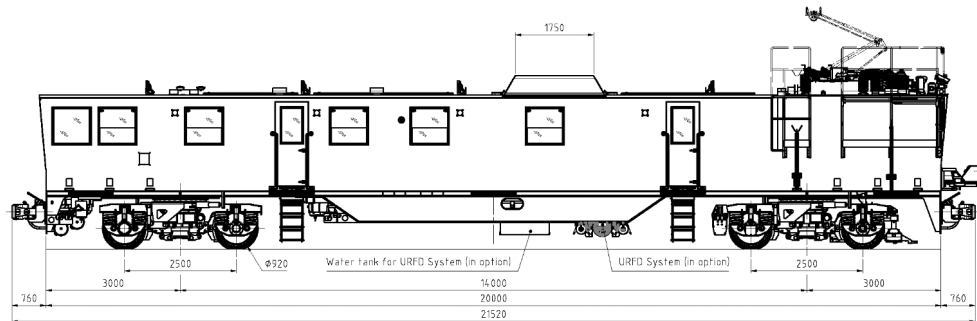
Eight (8) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Zero-Speed Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Driver View Imaging
- Track Component Imaging
- OH Wire Inspection
- OH Wire Imaging
- Structure Clearance
- Rail Corrugation

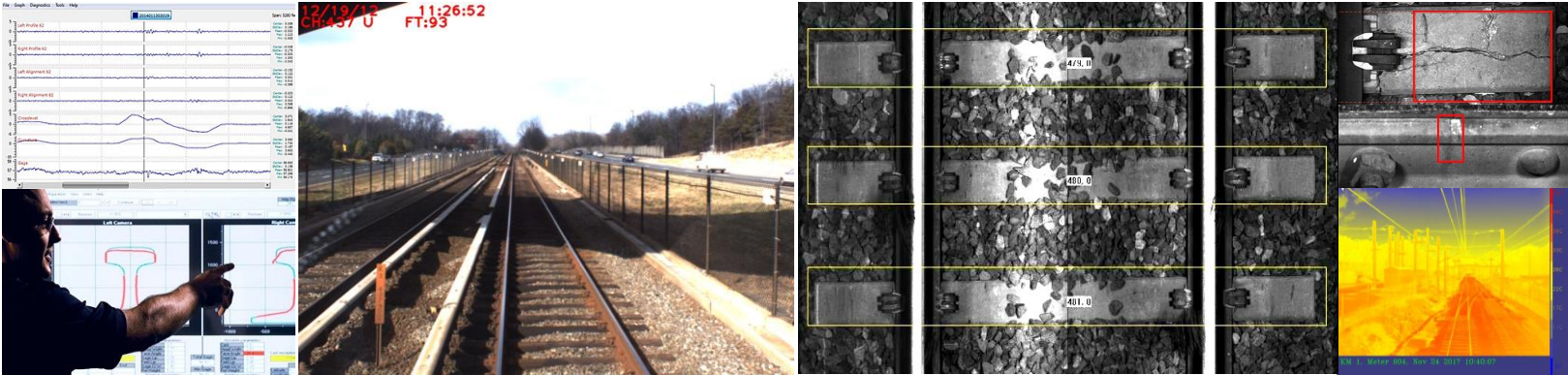
Australia - Melbourne

Eleven (11) Inspection Systems Onboard:

- Zero-Speed Track Geometry
- Rail Profile
- Driver View Imaging
- Track Component Imaging
- Joint Bar Imaging
- Rail Surface Imaging
- OH Wire Measurement
- OH Wire Imaging
- OH Wire Thermal Imaging
- Clearance Measurement
- Rail Corrugation



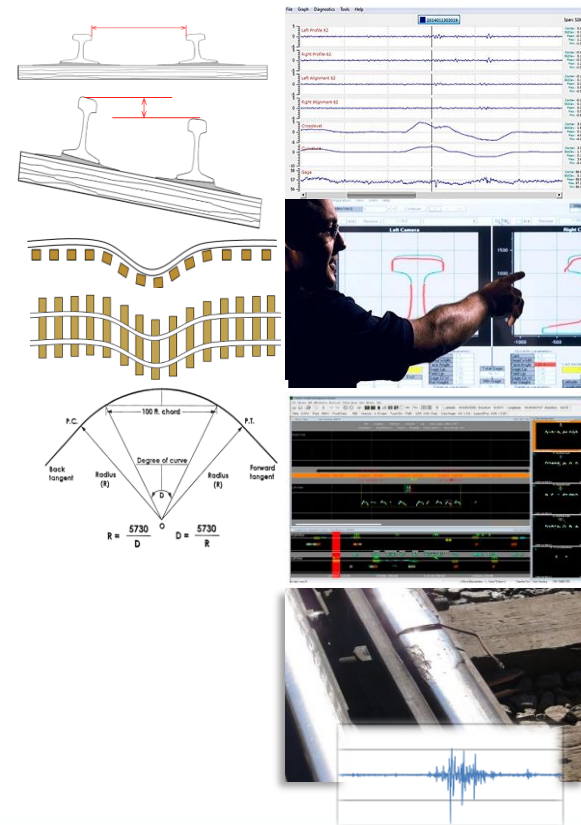
Typical Comprehensive Track Inspection Systems



Track Measurement Systems

- Track Geometry Measurement*
- Rail Profile Measurement*
- Vehicle/Track Interaction Monitor (V/TI)*
- Ride Quality Measurement System*
- Overhead Wire Measurement System*
- Third Rail Measurement System*
- Rail Corrugation Measurement System*
- Signal and Communication Measurement System*
- Deployable Gage Restraint Measurement Systems
- Clearance & Ballast Measurement System
- Ground Penetrating Radar
- Ultrasonic Rail Flaw Detection (RFD)

* *Indicates can be deployed Autonomously*

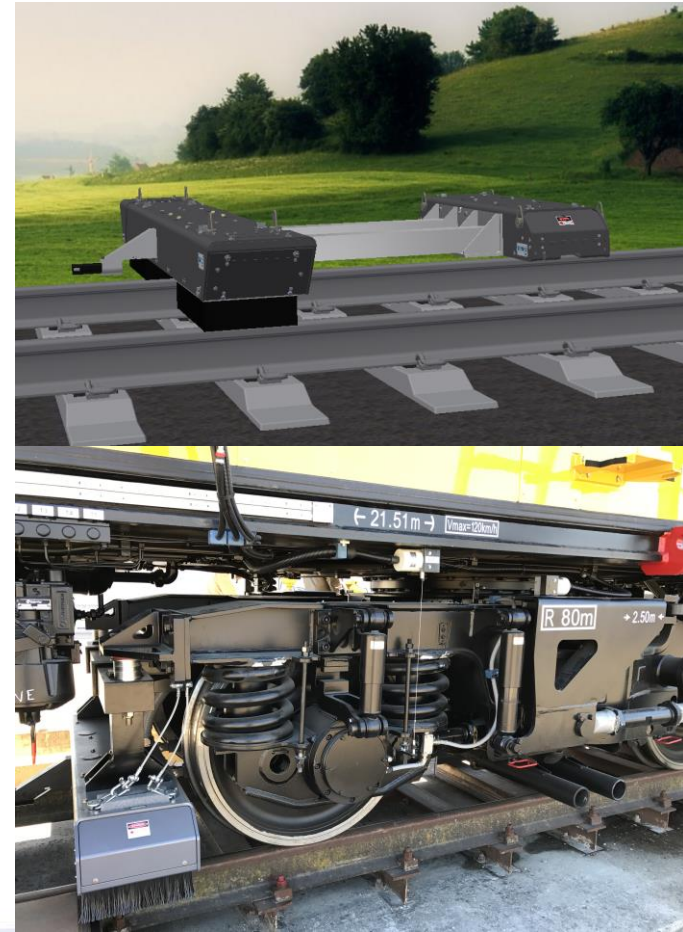


Measurement Systems

Zero-Speed Track Geometry Measurement (Z-TGMS)
Rail Profile Measurement (RPMS)
Third Rail Measurement (TRMS)

Modern Key Features:

- All systems are included in one assembly
- Inertial, non-contact
- Measures all Parameters to zero-speed



Measurement Systems

Laser Based Rail Corrugation Measurement System (L-RCMS)

Acceleration Based Rail Corrugation Measurement System (A-RCMS)

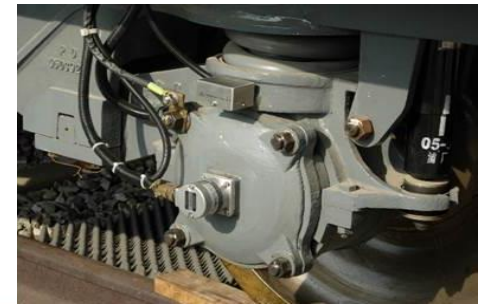
Laser Based - Modern Key Features:

- Highest Accuracy
- Multiple wavelength bands for corrugation RMS, Peak-to-Peak, and Space Curve



Acceleration Based - Modern Key Features:

- Lower cost
- Non-optical

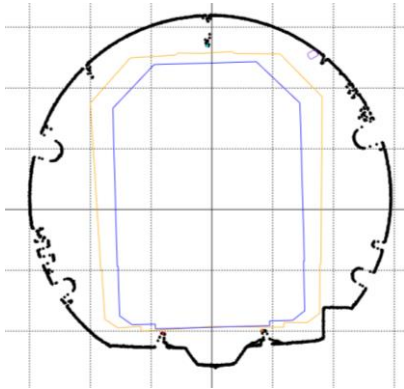


Measurement Systems

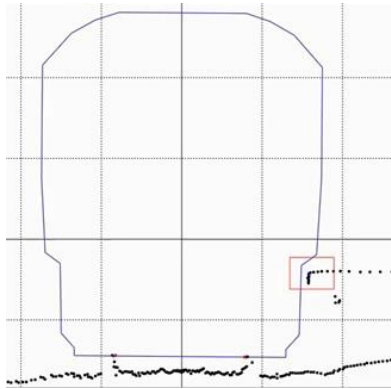
Clearance and Ballast Measurement System (CBMS)

Modern Key Features:

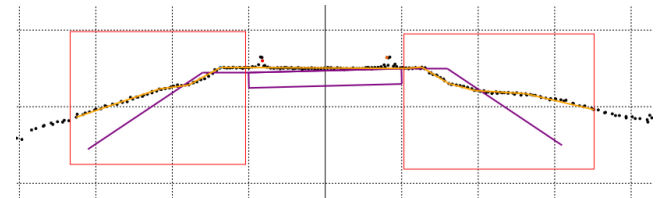
- Lidar lasers
- Onboard clearance encroachment exception detection



Tunnel Clearance



Station Platform Clearance



Ballast Profile

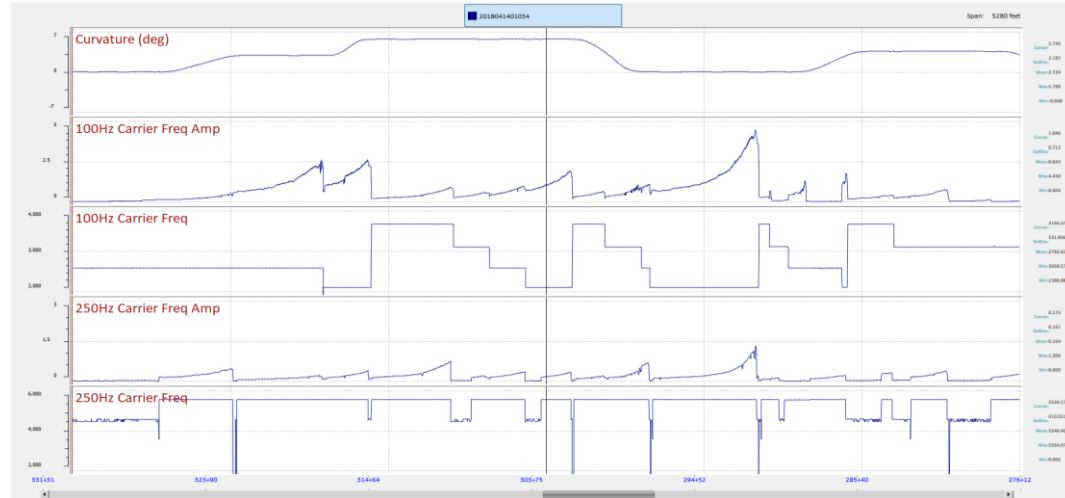


Measurement Systems

Signal and Communication Inspection System (SCIS)

Modern Key Features:

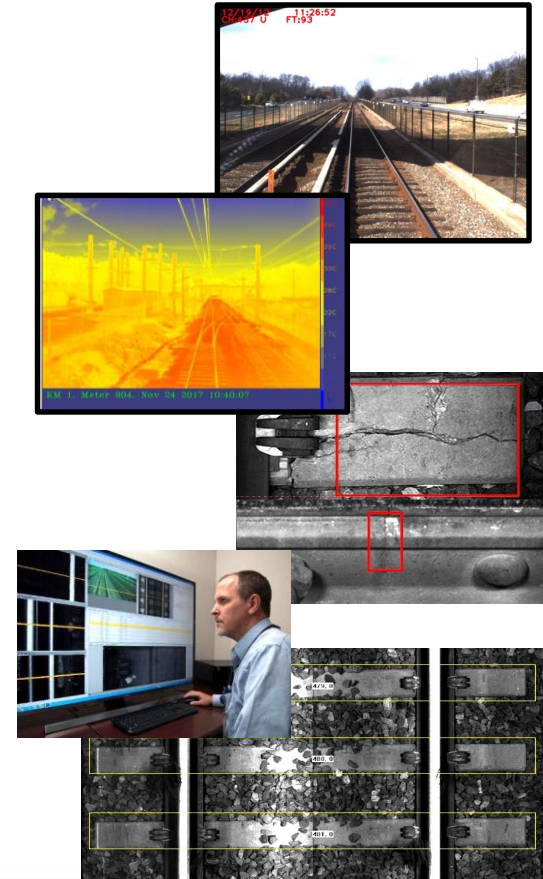
- Measures AC Track Circuits, Train Control Signaling and Wayside Transponders
- Detects train control and signaling deficiencies



Track Imaging Systems

- Rail Surface Imaging*
- Track Component Imaging*
- Joint Bar Imaging System*
- Thermal Imaging*
- Third Rail (Power Rail) Imaging System*
- Driver View Imaging
- Overhead Wire Imaging

** Indicates can be deployed Autonomously*

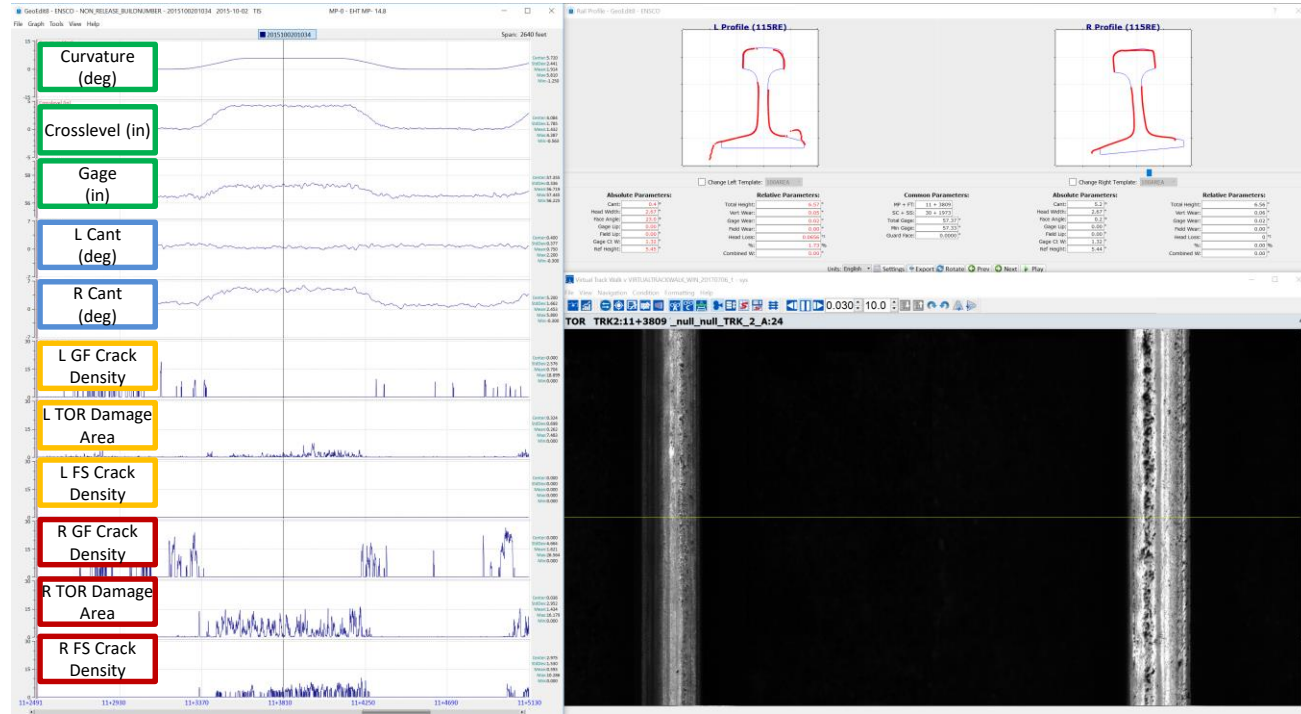


Imaging Systems

Rail Surface Imaging System (RSIS)

Modern Key Features:

- Strip chart measurement
- RCF Density
- Surface Damage Area
- Synchronized with rail wear data



Patent Pending



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24

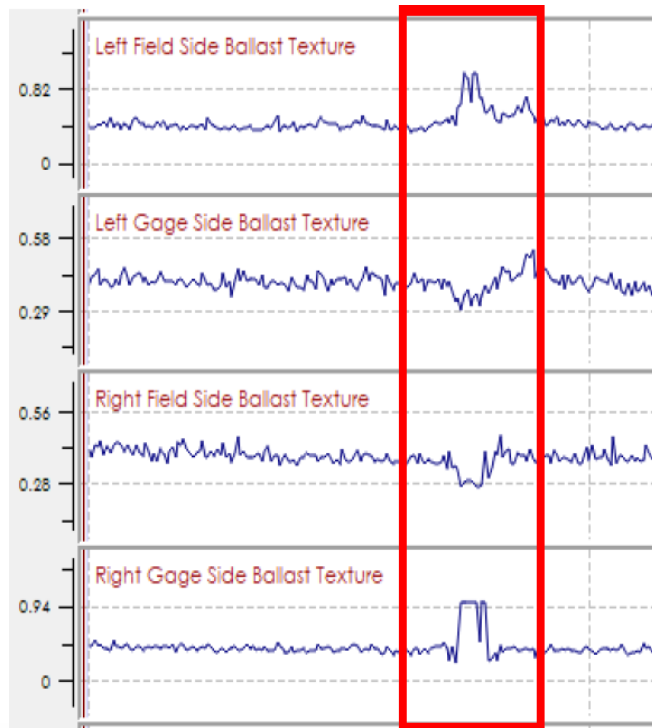
WRI 2019

Imaging Systems

Track Component Imaging System (TCIS)

Modern Key Features:

- Strip chart measurement
- Ballast texture measurement
- Fouled ballast detection



Patent Pending



Imaging Systems

Track Component Imaging System (TCIS) Joint Bar Imaging System (JBIS)

Modern Key Features:

- Trained algorithms to identify component defects
- Missing Fasteners
- Broken Rail
- Broken/Cracked Joint Bars
- Missing Joint Bar Bolts
- Synchronized with all other systems

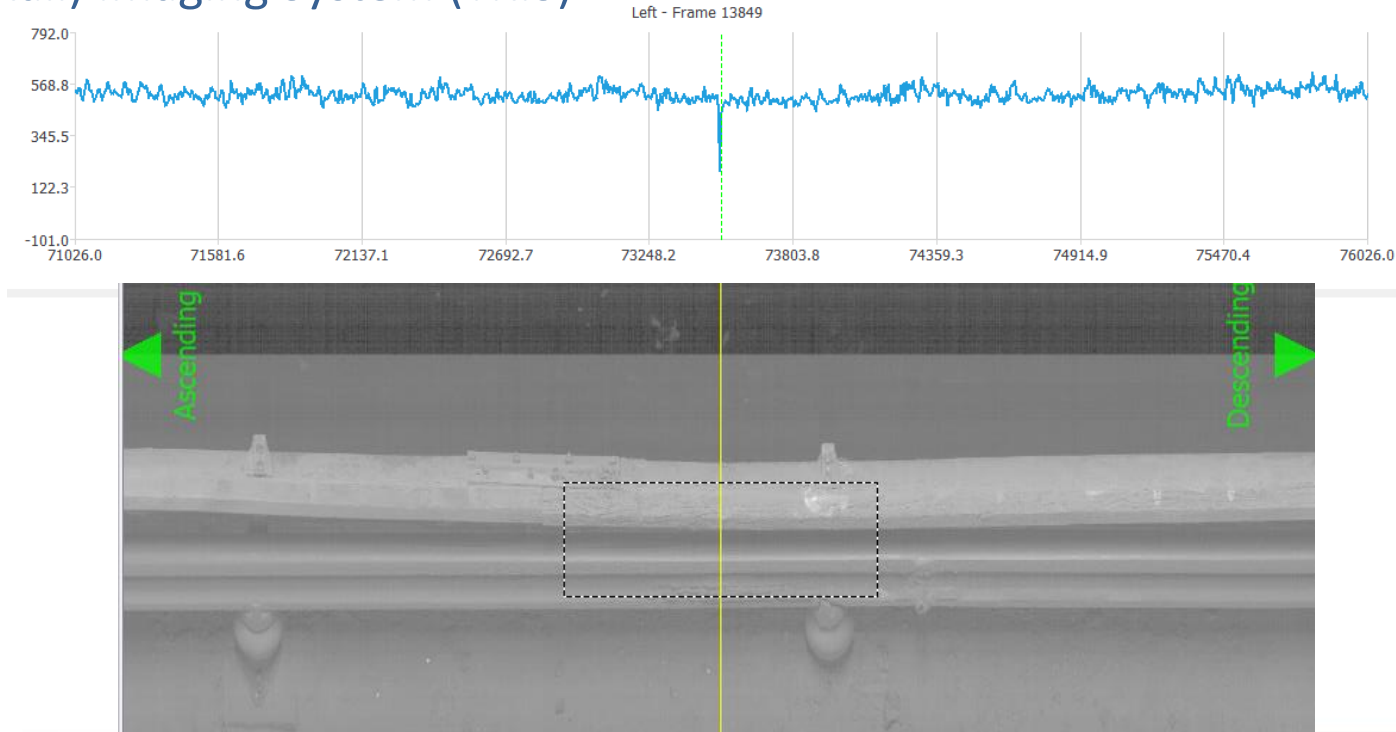


Imaging Systems

Third Rail (Power Rail) Imaging System (TRIS)

Modern Key Features:

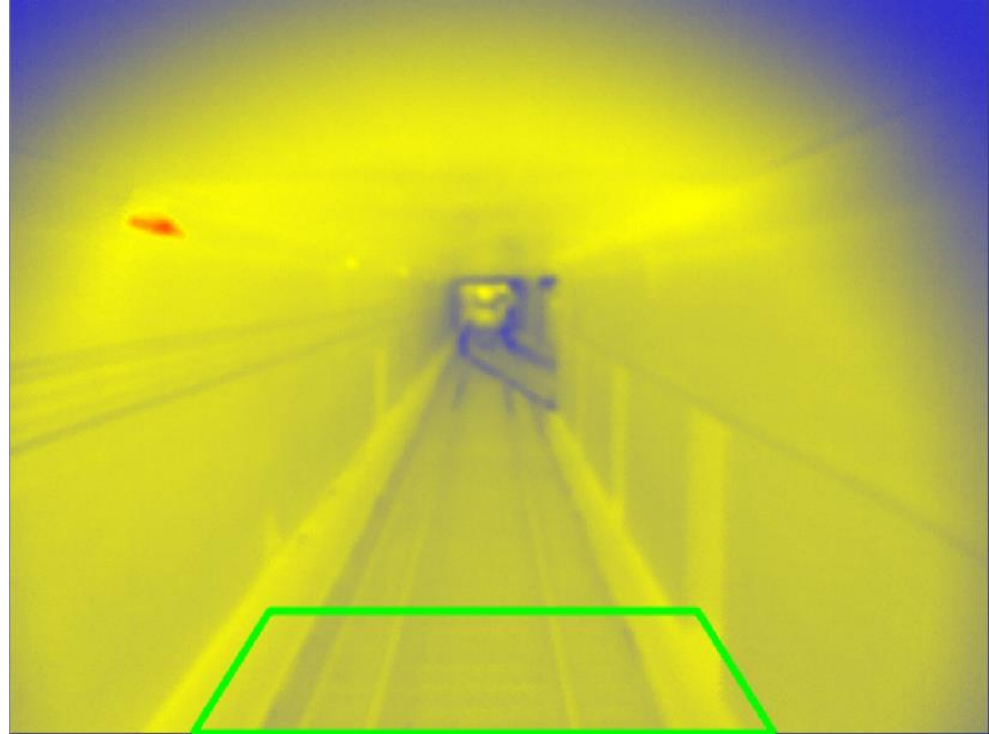
- Low Coverboard Detection
- Trained algorithms to identify component defects
- Synchronized with all other systems.

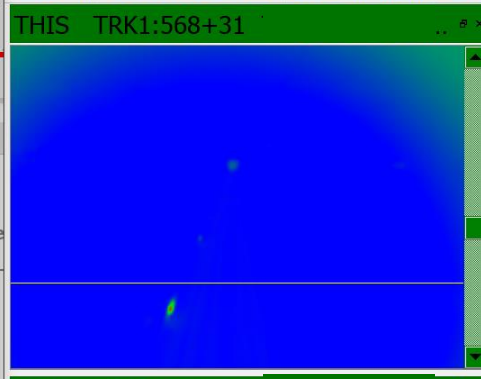
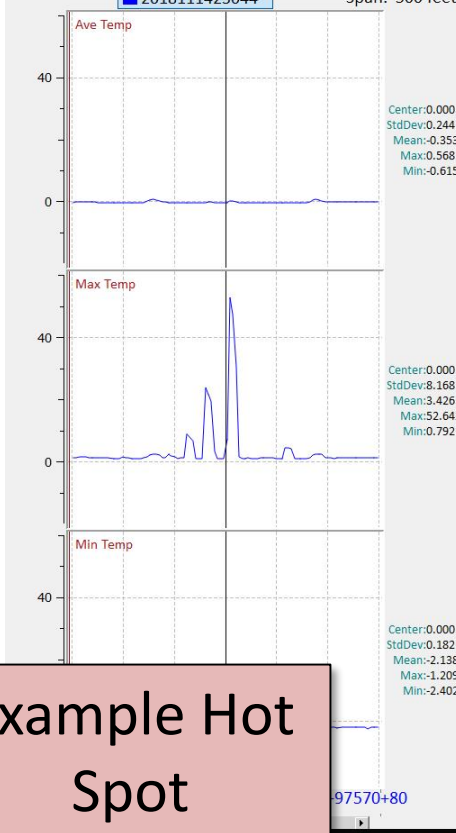


Imaging Systems

Thermal Imaging System (THIS)

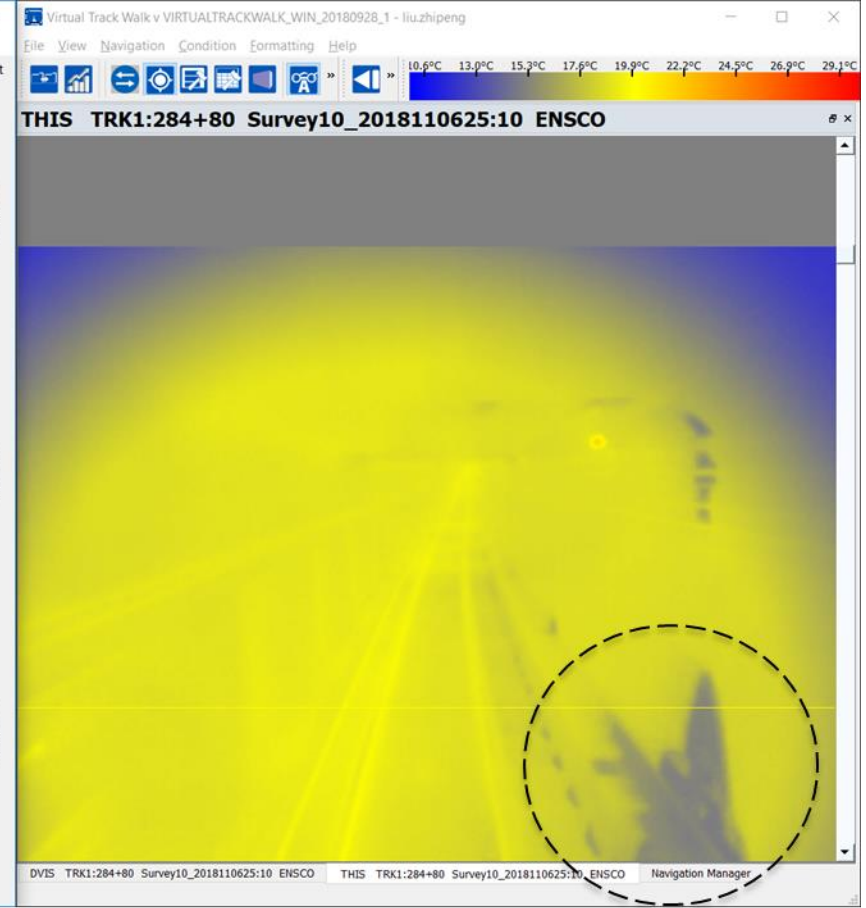
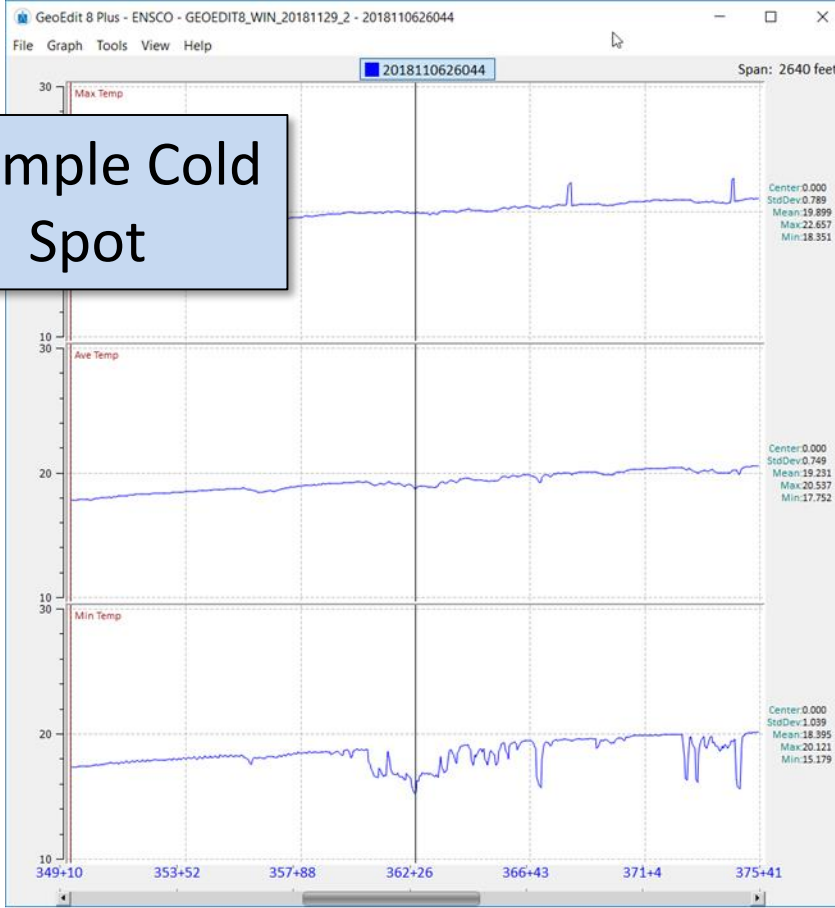
- Window of Interest (WOI) Box is used.
- Maximum, Minimum and Average Temperatures within the WOI are made into strip chart.





Example Hot Spot

Example Cold Spot



Autonomous Track Inspection

The Future of Track Condition Monitoring

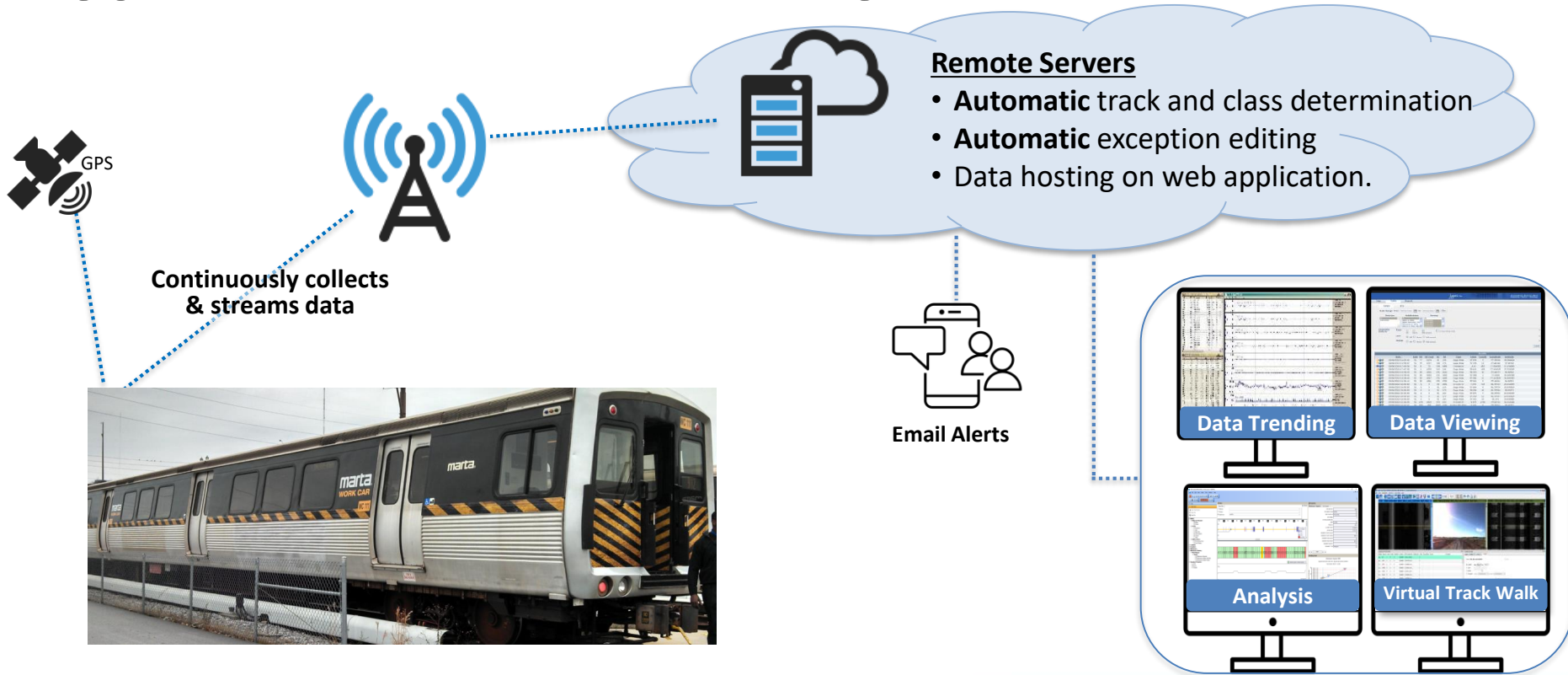


What is Autonomous Inspection?

Autonomous Inspection – Process of inspecting the track from revenue service trains using unattended instrumentation with minimal direct involvement.



Typical Autonomous System Architecture



Autonomous Track Inspection

PROS

- Earlier identification of anomalies through more frequent inspections;
- More efficient inspections at much lower overall costs;
- Autonomous Algorithms standardize application of business rules
- Automated notifications via email

CONS

- Maintenance of systems requires coordination with rolling stock & transportation.

Every train movement presents an opportunity to assess the vehicle and track system.



Automated Asset and Data Management & Predictive Analytics

Moving from REactive to PROactive



Automated Asset & Data Management

PROS

- Turns data into actionable information.
- Uses latest statistical methodology to assess track & asset condition and develop comprehensive asset management plans.
- Plans and prioritizes maintenance activities based on risk resulting in fewer emergency repairs and slow orders.
- Prioritizes capital and operating investment based on risk and needs.
- Provides an Automated End-to-End Solution when coupled with Autonomous Inspection Systems.

CONS

- Requires investment in data analysis
- Requires commitment to process and process discipline to turn data into action.



Automated Asset & Data Management



Autonomous Car



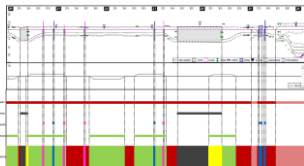
Manned Car



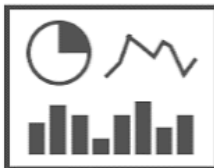
Inspector Entries

Automated Asset & Maintenance Management Suite

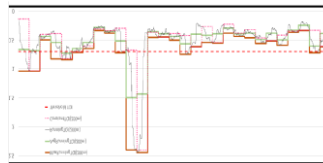
Track Segmentation



Data Analytics



Track Quality Indices (TQI)



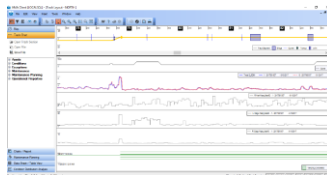
Maintenance Plans

- Ballast Renewal
- Bridge Risk
- Condition Assessments
- Derailment Risk
- Diamonds
- Gauging
- Rail Grinding
- Rail Replacement
- Right of Way Clearance Risk
- State of Good Repair
- Tie/Tie Pad Replacement
- Turnouts
- Track Tamping

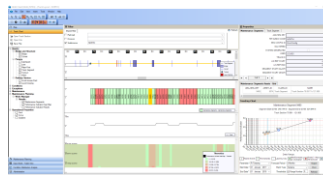
Data Alignment



Track Charts



Predictive Analytics



Work Orders

ERP

GIS

Interface



Final Thoughts

- Comprehensive Track Inspection Vehicles are more effective and efficient when compared to single use Track Inspection Vehicles
- The emergence of Autonomous Track Inspection and Data Management Technologies provide for next level improvements including:
 - Earlier identification of anomalies through more frequent inspections;
 - More efficient inspections at much lower overall costs;
 - Planned maintenance instead of reactive maintenance, resulting in fewer emergency repairs and slow orders.



Thank You

Questions?

